## REFERENCE LIST

1. Ahmet, Tiryaki. 2005. Theories of entrepreneurship. Journal of entrepreneurship. no. 4: 95-120.
2. Alam J \& M.A. Hossan. 2003. Linking between franchising networks for entrepreneurship and economical development: looking for a new model. University of Chittagong: Bangladesh.
3. Alstete, J.W. 2002. On becoming an entrepreneur: An evolving typology. International journal of entrepreneurial behavior \& research. Vol. 8. no. 4:222-34.
4. Angus and Katona. 1953. http://writing.colostate.edu/guides/research/survey/i http://writing.colostate.edu/guides/research/survey/index.cfm [Accessed February 2, 2011].
5. Baumol, William. 1993. Entrepreneurship, Management, and the Structure of Payoffs. Cambridge, Mass.: MIT Press.
6. Bhushan, L. I. and S. B. Amal, 1986. A situational test of intolerance of ambivuty. Internatorridyournal of psychotogy in the ortent. no. 29 (4): 254261 Electronic Theses \& Dissertations
7. Bolton, B and J.L. Thompson. 2000. Entrepreneurs; Talent, Temperament, Techniques. Devon: Florence production.
8. Bosma, Niels and Rebecca Harding. 2006. Global entrepreneurship monitor: GEM 2006 summary results. Babson College USA and London business school UK.
9. Bowen, D.D. and R.D. Hisrich. 1986. The female entrepreneur: A career development perspective. Academy of management review. no.11: 393-407.
10. Brockman, K. Beverly, Becherer, C. Richard and Howard. J. Finch. 2006. Influences on an entrepreneur's perceived risk: The role of magnitude, likelihood and risk propensity. Academy of entrepreneurship journal.
11. Budner, S. 1962. Intolerance for ambiguity as a personal variable. Journal of personality. no.30: 29-50.
12. Bulmer, M.G. 1979. Principles of statistics.
13. Casson, Mark. 2003. The entrepreneur: an economic theory. $2^{\text {nd }}$ ed. Cheltenham, U.K.: Edward Elgar.
14. Charles, Harvie and Boon. Chye-Lee. 2000. Sustaining growth and performance in East Asia: the role of small and medium sized enterprises lee. Vol 3:196.
15. Coase, Ronald. 1988. The nature of the firm. Economica November. no.3: 386-405. Chicago: University of Chicago Press.
16. Cochran, William. G. 2008. Sampling techniques, $3^{\text {rd }}$ ed.
17. Cooper, A.C. 1981. "Strategic management: New ventures and small business.14, 39-45.
18. Craig, C. Samuel. and James, L. Ginter. 1975. An empirical test of a scale for innovativeness. Advances in consumer research. Vol 02: 555-562. Association for Consumer Research.
19. Cunningham, J.B. and J. Lischeron. 1991. Defining entrepreneurship. Journal of small business management. Vol.29. no5:45-61.
20. Department of Census and Statistics of Sri Lanka. 2008. Annual report: Sri Lanka labor force survey. Colombo.
21. Erdem, F. 2001. A cultural approach toward risk taking propensity and toleramea, University of Moratuwa, Sri Lanka
22. Fox, kemneth. n.d. Supply-side history of the great merger movement: The harvester trust as an example.
23. Furnham, A. 1994. A content, correlation and factor analytic study of four tolerances for ambiguity questionnaires: Personality and individual differences. Vol 16. no.3: 403-410.
24. Furnham, A. n.d. The psychology of behavior at work: the individual in the organization. $2^{\text {nd }}$ ed: online book.
25. Gamage, S. Aruna. 2003. "Small and medium enterprise development in Sri Lanka: a review".
26. Gartner, W.B. 1989. Some suggestions for research on entrepreneurial traits and characteristics entrepreneurship: Theory and practice. Vol. 14: 27-37.
27. Ghauri, Pervez. and Kjell, Gronhaun. 2002. Research methods in business studies: A practical guide. $2^{\text {nd }}$ ed.
28. Green, R., J. David., M. Dent and A. Tyshkovsky. 1996. The Russian entrepreneur: a study of psychological characteristics. International journal of entrepreneurial behavior \& research. Vol. 2. no. 1:49-58.
29. Gregg, G. 1985. Women entrepreneurs: The second generation. Journal of small business management. Vol.25:18-25.
30. Gurol, Yonca and Nuray Atsan. 2006. Entrepreneurial characteristics amongst university students: Some insights for entrepreneurship education and training in Turkey. Vol.48. no.1:25-38.Emerald group publishing limited.
31. Hansemark, O.C. 1998. The effects of an entrepreneurship program on need for achievement and locus of control of reinforcement. International journal of entrepreneurial behavior \& research. Vol. 4. no.1:28-50.
32. Hebert, Robert and Albert Link. 1988. The entrepreneur: Mainstream views and radical critiques. $2^{\text {nd }}$ ed. New York: Praeger.
33. Hofstede, G. 1991. Cultures and organizations: Software of the mind. Mac Graw Hill.
34. Holt, C. David. 1999. Entrepreneurship. $10^{\text {th }}$ ed. Prentice Hall Publications.
35. http://statistics.laerd.com/spss-tutorials/testing-for-normality-using-spssstatistics.php [accessed December 20 ${ }^{\text {th }}, 2010$ ].
36. http://www.statistics.gov.lk [accessed from July 2009 to July 2011].
37. ILO Brief, 2006. Glorat employment trend brief January p. 2.
38. Islamp M Mainul 1989. Theories on entrepreneurship: Entrepreneurship.Rahman A.H.M. Habibur ed. University Grand Commission of Bangladesh.
39. Islam, Nazrul. and Mohammad. Z. Mamun. 2000. Entrepreneurship development: An operational approach. Bangladesh : The University press limited.
40. Johnson, B.R. 1990. Toward a multidimensional model of entrepreneurship: the case of achievement motivation and the entrepreneur. Entrepreneurship theory and practice. Vol.14:39-54.
41. Johnson, David. 2001. What is Innovation and Entrepreneurship? Lessons for Larger Organizations. Industrial and Commercial Training Volume 33. no.4:135-140. MCB university press.
42. Kannangara, A. 2007. Monolingual graduates: setbacks in store in near the future. Sunday Observer, March 18.
43. Kanungo, N. Rabindra. 1998. Entrepreneurship innovation: models for development. Sage Publications.
44. Katz, J.A. 1991. The institution and infrastructre of entrepreneurship: Enrepreneurship theory and practice. 15(3).
45. Kets, De Vries M. F. R. 1985. The dark side of entrepreneurship. Harvard business review. Nov-Dec:160-167.
46. Kirzner, I.M. 1997. How markets work: Disequilibrium, entrepreneurship and discovery. London: The institute of economic affairs.
47. Koh C.H. 1996. Testing hypotheses of entrepreneurial characteristics: A study of Hong Kong MBA students. Journal of management of psychology. Vol.11. no.03:12-25.
48. Koh. C.H. 1985. Factors associated with entrepreneurial inclination: an empirical study of business undergraduates in Hong Kong. Journal of small business and entrepreneurship. Vol.4. no10:28-40.
49. Kumar, Ranjit. 1999. Research methodology: A step by step guide for beginners. SAGE publications.
50. Leavitt, C. L. and Walton. 1974. Development of a scale for innovativeness. Working paper: The Ohio State University.
51. Lengyel G. 2009. Entrity of Moraduwa. Sri Lanka inctination, potential entrepreneurs and risk avoidance. Tarki European social report
52. Littunen, H. 2000. Entrepreneurship and the characteristics of the entrepreneurial personality. International Journal of Entrepreneurial Behavior \& Research. Vol. 6. no. 6: 295-309.
53. Loasby, B.J. 1982. The entrepreneurship in economic theory. Scottish journal of political economy. Vol.29. no.3.
54. MacDonald, A. P. 1970. Revised scale for ambiguity tolerance: reliability and validity. Psychological reports. no.2:791-798.
55. Martin. M.L.C. 1984. Managing Technological Innovation and Entrepreneurship. Reston:New York.
56. McClelland, D.C. 1961. The achieving society. Princeton: D. Van Nostrand.
57. McLain, D. L. 1993. The MSTAT-I: A new measure of an individual's tolerance for ambiguity. Educational and psychological measurement. no: 53(1): 183-89.
58. Minguet, G. 2000. Sociologic of entrepreneurship. PUF: Paris.
59. Mitton, D.G. 1989. The Complete Entrepreneur, Entrepreneurship: Theory and Practice. Vol.13: 9-19.
60. Montanye, J.A. 2006. Entrepreneurship. The Independent Review, n. 4: 549571.
61. Norton, R. W. 1975. Measurement of ambiguity tolerance. Journal of personality assessment. no: 39(6) 607-619.
62. Okhomina, Donatus. 2008. Entrepreneurial orientation and psychological traits: The moderating influence of supportive environment. Journal of Behavioral Studies in Business. no14:214-225.
63. Orhan, Muriel. 2000. A new model for analyzing female entrepreneurship. Southern Cross University: Australia.
64. Owen, W. and R. Sweeney. 2002. Ambiguity tolerance, performance, learning, and satisfaction. A research direction.
65. Petrakis, P.E. n.d. Risk perception, risk propensity and entrepreneurial behavior: The Greek case.
66. Ranasinghe, S. 1996. Entrepreneurship education and training in Sri Lanka. Sri Lankan journal of management. Vol.1. no.3. July-Sep. Colombo: Postgraduate institute of management.
67. Robinsen, P.Bniversity of Moratuwa Sri Lanka. Hunt. 1991. An attitude approach to the prediction of entrepreneurship: Entrepreneurship theory and practice. Vol. 15. no. 4:13-32.
68. Ronstadt, R. 1987. The educated entrepreneurs: A new era of entrepreneurial education is beginning. American journal of small business. Vol. 10. no. 1:3753.
69. Rotter, J.B. 1966. Generalized expectancies for internal versus external control of reinforcement. Psychological monographs. Vol.80.
70. Rydell, S. T. and E. Rosen. 1966. Measurement and some correlates of need cognition. Psychological Reports. no. 19:139-165.
71. Sagie, A. and D. Elizur. 1999. Achievement motive and entrepreneurial orientation: A structural analysis. Journal of organizational behavior. Vol. 20. no. 3:375-87.
72. Sallot, L. M. and L. A. Lyon. 2003. Investigating effects of toleranceintolerance of ambiguity and the teaching of public relations writing: A QuasiExperiment. Journalism and Mass Communication Educator. Vol 58. no.3: 251-272.
73. Sander, Paul and Lalage. Sanders. 2007. Measuring confidence in academic study. Journal of research in educational psychology and psychopedagogy. no.1-17:1696-2095.
74. Schumpeter, J.A. 1942. The Theory of Economic Development. Cambridge: Harvard university press.
75. Schumpeter, J.A. 1991. Assays on entrepreneurs, innovations, business cycles and the evaluation of capitalism. New Brunswick and London: Transactions Publications.
76. Shapero, A. 1975. The displaced, uncomfortable entrepreneur. Psychology Today. Nov: 83-88.
77. Smith, L. Valerie. 2003. Analysis of locus of control and educational level utilizing the internal control index.
78. Sykes, O. Alan. An introduction to regression analysis. Chicago working paper on economics and law.
79. Thomas, A.S. and S.L. Mueller. 2000. A case for comparative entrepreneurship: Assessing the relevance of culture. Journal of international bus University of Moratuwa, Sri Lanka. business studies. Vol. 31, no. 2: 287-301
80. Thompson, J.LWW. 2003. The Facets of the Entrepreneur: Identifying Entrepreneurial Potential. Huddersfield University Business School.
81. University Grants Commission of Sri Lanka. 2004, 2006 and 2009. University statistics. Colombo.
82. Welsch, P. Harold. 2004. Entrepreneurship: The Way Ahead. $12^{\text {th }}$ ed. Routledge Publications.
83. Whydrow, A.D. 1999. A psychological aspect of entrepreneurs. Journal of entrepreneurship and small business. Vol 10:158-165.
84. YEN-NAP Sri Lanka. 2006. "National Action Plan for Youth Employment in Sri Lanka".
85. Yusof M, M.S Sandhu and K.S Jain. 2007. Relationship between psychological characteristics and entrepreneurial intention: a case study of students at university of Tun Abdul Razak. Journal of Asia Entrepreneurship and Sustainability. Vol. 3.

Appendix 01
Entrepreneurial Success Factors

| Authors |  | Success Factors |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { a } \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Cantillon R. } \\ & \text { (1755) } \end{aligned}$ | * | * |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Mill, J.S. } \\ & (1884) \end{aligned}$ |  | * |  |  |  |  |  | ses |  |  | tio |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline \text { McClelland, } \\ \text { D, (1961) } \end{array}$ | * |  |  |  |  |  | $\mathrm{m}$ | $1 \mathrm{k}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Timmos, J.A. } \\ & \text { (1978) } \end{aligned}$ |  | * | * |  |  | * |  | * |  | * | * |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Rahman, A.H. <br> M. H. (1979) | * | * |  |  |  | * |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Homaday, J.A. } \\ & \text { (1982) } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Meridith et al. } \\ & (1982) \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |


| Authors |  | Success Factors |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { u } \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | U 0 0 0 0 0 U in |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { E } \\ & \text { E } \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 을 } \\ & \text { n } \\ & 0.0 \\ & \frac{0}{2} \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | . 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ahmed S. U. } \\ & (1981) \end{aligned}$ | * | * | * | * |  | * |  |  |  |  | * |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Homaday, J.A. (1982) | * | * | * | * | * | * |  | * |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Stanworth, J. } \\ & (1989) \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  | $\lambda^{3}$ |  |  | yo |  | $1 \mathrm{~W} d$ |  | $a$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Kao, J. J. <br> (1989) |  |  |  | $5$ | $W W$ | $\mathrm{lib}$ | nut. | $11 \mathrm{k}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  | * |  |  |
| Robinson (1991) | * | * |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | * |  |  |  |  |  |  | * |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ray, D.D. } \\ & \text { (1993) } \end{aligned}$ | * |  | * | * |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | * |
| Sengupta, S.K; |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | * |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Debnath, S.K, } \\ & \text { (1994) } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Osborne, R.L, } \\ & \text { (1995) } \end{aligned}$ |  |  | * |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |



Source: Islam Nazrul and Mamun Z Mohammad, Entrepreneurship Development An Operational Approach, Published by The University Press Limited, Bangladesh, 2000

## Appendix 02

## Questionnaire on Entrepreneurial Characteristics

I am a post graduate student of the University of Moratuwa and reading for the M.Sc.in Financial Mathematics. As a partial requirement of my degree, I am conducting a research on "Entrepreneurial Characteristics among University Students". I would be thankful if you can spend few minutes to fill this questionnaire. And I assure you that the information collected will be exclusively used only for this study.
1.0 Personal Information: (Please tick $(\sqrt{ })$ in the appropriate box)
a. Name of your University: $\qquad$
b.Academic year: $\qquad$
c. Gender: Male

Any other: $\qquad$
e. Ethnic group: Sinhalese

Tamil $\quad \square$

Muslim $\quad \square$

Any other: $\qquad$
f. Is there a course unit relating to "Entrepreneurship and Small Business Management" during your undergraduate degree program.

Yes

No
g .Is there anyone, who is doing a business in your family?
Yes $\square$

No $\square$
h . What are you planning to do after graduation? $\qquad$
2.0 Please tick $(\sqrt{ })$ the appropriate cage which is closest to your response.

| Strongly Agree | SA |
| :--- | :--- |
| Agree | A |
| Neither agree nor disagree | N |
| Disagree | D |
| Strongly Disagree | SD |



|  |  | SA | A | N | D | SD |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 9 | I finish successfully whatever I begin. |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10 | I have achieved a goal that took years of work. |  |  |  |  |  |
| 11 | I believe that what happens to me is my own doing. |  |  |  |  |  |
| 12 | I believe that there is a direct connection between how hard I study and the grades I get. |  |  |  |  |  |
| 13 | I think that most misfortunes are the results of lack of ability, ignorance, laziness or all three. |  |  |  |  |  |
| 14 | How many friends I have depends on how a nice person I am. |  |  |  |  |  |
| 15 | I believe that really there is no such thing called "luck". |  |  |  |  |  |
| 16 | I think that there is some good in everybody. |  |  |  |  |  |
| 17 | I believe that we are the masters of our own fate University of Moratuwa, Sri La Electronic Theses \& Dissertatio |  |  |  |  |  |
| 18 | It is one scxperiences in life which determine what they are like. |  |  |  |  |  |
| 19 | People who can't get others to like them don't understand how to get along with others. |  |  |  |  |  |
| 20 | People's misfortunes result from the mistakes they make. |  |  |  |  |  |
| 21 | I am always ready to invest my entire savings to start my own business. |  |  |  |  |  |
| 22 | I am ready to accept any financial failures from my own business. |  |  |  |  |  |
| 23 | I feel comfortable in changes. |  |  |  |  |  |
| 24 | It is more fun to tackle a complicated problem than to solve a simple one. |  |  |  |  |  |


|  |  | SA | A | N | D | SD |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 25 | Many of our most important decisions are based upon insufficient information. |  |  |  |  |  |
| 26 | Often the most interesting and stimulating people are those who don't mind being different and original. |  |  |  |  |  |
| 27 | I would rather avoid solving a problem that must be viewed from several different perspectives. |  |  |  |  |  |
| 28 | People who fit their lives to a schedule probably miss most of the joy of living. |  |  |  |  |  |
| 29 | I generally prefer novelty over familiarity. |  |  |  |  |  |
| 30 | I like parties where I know most of the people more than ones where all or most of the people are completely strangers. |  |  |  |  |  |
| 31 | I think that buying a new product that has not yet been proven is usually a waste of time and money. |  |  |  |  |  |
| 32 | I would like a job that does not require me to keep learning new tasks. University of Moratuwa, Sri La |  |  |  |  |  |
| 33 |  of money: www.lib.mrt.ac.lk |  |  |  |  |  |
| 34 | I like to fool around with new ideas even if they tum out to be waste of time. |  |  |  |  |  |
| 35 | I feel that the unusual gift is often a waste of mony. |  |  |  |  |  |
| 36 | I always admit my mistakes and learn something from them. |  |  |  |  |  |
| 37 | I do what I believe to be right even when others criticize me for it. |  |  |  |  |  |
| 38 | I always wait others to congratulate me on my accomplishments. |  |  |  |  |  |
| 39 | I accept compliments politely. |  |  |  |  |  |
| 40 | I am willing to accept risks and go the extra mile to achieve them. |  |  |  |  |  |


|  |  | SA | A | N | D | SD |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 41 | I have strong desire to be the owner of my business. |  |  |  |  |  |
| 42 | I am interested in starting my own business. |  |  |  |  |  |
| 43 | I am always inclined towards entrepreneurship. |  |  |  |  |  |
| 44 | I see myself becoming some type of entrepreneur one day. |  |  |  |  |  |
| 45 | I have strong plans to venture into business once I complete <br> my studies. |  |  |  |  |  |
| 46 | Planning for some kind of business has been, is, or will be <br> an important part of my college career. |  |  |  |  |  |

Thank you for your co operation.


## Appendix 03

### 3.1 Reliability Analysis

### 3.1.1 Need for Achievement

Case Processing Summary

|  |  | N | $\%$ |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Cases | Valid | 217 | 100.0 |
|  | Excludeđ | 0 | .0 |
|  | Total | 217 | 100.0 |

a. Listwise deletion based on all variables in the procedure.

Reliability Statistics

| Cronbach's | Cronbach's <br> Alpha Based <br> on <br> Alandardized <br> Items | N of Items |
| :---: | ---: | ---: |
| .717 | .747 | 10 |

Hem Statisicsaiversity of Moratuwa, Sri Lanka

|  | Mean | Deviationt | ronnc | heses \& Dissertations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| q1 | 2.0645 | . 88479 | 1ib 217 |  |
| q2 | 3.9954 | W4223 | $110.271^{2}$ | L.ac. 1 K |
| q3 | 4.1659 | . 90786 | 217 |  |
| q4 | 2.5253 | . 90807 | 217 |  |
| q5 | 2.5069 | . 98658 | 217 |  |
| q6 | 3.9217 | . 84893 | 217 |  |
| q7 | 3.8848 | . 80542 | 217 |  |
| q8 | 3.5945 | . 85611 | 217 |  |
| q9 | 4.0968 | . 73588 | 217 |  |
| q10 | 3.8848 | . 75804 | 217 |  |

Inter-Item Correlation Matrix

|  | q 1 | q 2 | q 3 | q 4 | q 5 | q 6 | q 7 | q 8 | q 9 | q 10 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| q 1 | 1.000 | -.056 | .021 | .159 | .164 | -.030 | .030 | -.020 | -.195 | -.079 |
| q2 | -.056 | 1.000 | .269 | -.127 | .060 | .264 | .247 | .128 | .179 | .254 |
| q3 | .021 | .269 | 1.000 | -.061 | .030 | .335 | .090 | .099 | .031 | .035 |
| q4 | .159 | -.127 | -.061 | 1.000 | .161 | .066 | -.113 | -.183 | -.236 | -.174 |
| q5 | .164 | .060 | .030 | .161 | 1.000 | .020 | .010 | -167 | .034 | -.058 |
| q6 | -.030 | .264 | .335 | .066 | .020 | 1.000 | .217 | -038 | .175 | .187 |
| q7 | .030 | .247 | .090 | -.113 | .010 | .217 | 1.000 | .174 | .370 | .335 |
| q8 | -.020 | .128 | .099 | -.183 | -.167 | -.038 | .174 | 1.000 | .188 | .206 |
| q9 | -.195 | .179 | .031 | -.236 | .034 | .175 | .370 | .188 | 1.000 | .360 |
| q10 | -.079 | .254 | .035 | -.174 | -.058 | .187 | .335 | .206 | .360 | 1.000 |

The covariance matrixis calculated and used in the analysis.

### 3.1.2 Locus of Control

Case Processing Summary

|  |  | N | $\%$ |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Cases | Valid | 217 | 100.0 |
|  | Excludeat | 0 | .0 |
|  | Total | 217 | 100.0 |

a. Listwise deletion based on all variables in the procedure.

Reliability Statistics

| Cronbach's <br> Alpha | Cronbach's <br> Alpha Based <br> on <br> Standardized <br> Items | N of Items |
| :---: | ---: | ---: |
| .493 | .505 | 10 |

Item Statistics

|  | Mean | Std. Deviation | N |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| q11 | 4.0092 | . 86061 | 217 |
| q12 | 4. 1244 | U1r\&i\&tar | ily ${ }^{277}$ |
| q13 | (3, $92633^{3}$ | Fil 90477 | nic ${ }^{217}$ |
| q14 | 3. 7558 | L1952710 |  |
| q15 | 2.9724 | Whypers2.11 | O. 1 11817a |
| q16 | 4.0922 3.8479 | .83377 .98597 | 217 |
| q18 | 3.7788 | . 80904 | 217 |
| q19 | 3.7834 | . 81315 | 217 |
| q20 | 3.6636 | . 88308 | 217 |

Inter-Item Correlation Matrix

|  | q 11 | q 12 | q 13 | q 14 | q 15 | q 16 | q 17 | q 18 | q 19 | q 20 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| q 11 | 1.000 | .254 | .203 | .251 | .140 | .070 | .367 | .096 | .142 | .169 |
| q 12 | .254 | 1.000 | .249 | .240 | .022 | .287 | .172 | .223 | .186 | .115 |
| q 13 | .203 | .249 | 1.000 | .231 | .298 | .034 | .236 | .155 | .192 | .154 |
| q 14 | .251 | .240 | .231 | 1.000 | .200 | .250 | .167 | .188 | .278 | .287 |
| q 15 | .140 | .022 | .298 | .200 | 1.000 | -120 | .111 | .115 | .050 | .154 |
| q 16 | .070 | .287 | .034 | .250 | -.120 | 1.000 | .186 | .229 | .221 | .212 |
| q 17 | .367 | .172 | .236 | .167 | .111 | .186 | 1.000 | .317 | .236 | .186 |
| q 18 | .096 | .223 | .155 | .188 | .115 | .229 | .317 | 1.000 | .342 | .239 |
| q 19 | .142 | .186 | .192 | .278 | .050 | .221 | .236 | .342 | 1.000 | .343 |
| q 20 | .169 | .115 | .154 | .287 | .154 | .212 | .186 | .239 | .343 | 1.000 |

[^0]
### 3.1.3 Propensity to take Risk

Case Processing Summary

|  |  | N | $\%$ |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Cases | Valid | 217 | 100.0 |
|  | Excludect | 0 | .0 |
|  | Total | 217 | 100.0 |

a. Listwise deletion based on all variables in the procedure.

Reliability Statistics

|  | Cronbach's <br> Alpha Based <br> on |  |
| ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Cronbach's <br> Alpha | Standardized <br> Items | N of Items |
| .732 | .734 | 3 |



Inter-Item Correlation Matrix

|  | q 21 | q 22 | q 23 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| q21 | 1.000 | .400 | .356 |
| q22 | .400 | 1.000 | .343 |
| q23 | .356 | .343 | 1.000 |

The covariance matrixis calculated and used in the analysis.

### 3.1.4 Tolerance for Ambiguity

Case Processing Summary

|  |  | N | $\%$ |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Cases | Valid | 217 | 100.0 |
|  | Excludect | 0 | .0 |
|  | Total | 217 | 100.0 |

a. Listwise deletion based on all variables in the procedure.

Reliability Statistics

|  | Cronbach's <br> Alpha Based <br> on <br> Cronbach's <br> Alpha | Standardized <br> Items |
| :---: | :---: | ---: | N of Items | .768 | .701 | 7 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: |

Item Statistics

|  | Mean | Std. Deviation | N |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| q24 | B6866 | Universpry | of Merrat |
| q25 | 3.7005 | Electironnic | Theses ${ }^{217}$ |
| q26 | 3.6544 | C. 85818 | , 21 |
| q27 | 224240 | WWW.0069.11 | rit.ac. 217 |
| q28 | 3.6959 | . 84964 | 217 |
| q29 | 3.7097 | . 88900 | 217 |
| q30 | 2.2673 | . 93417 | 217 |

Inter-Item Correlation Matrix

|  | q 24 | q 25 | q 26 | q 27 | q 28 | q 29 | q 30 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| q24 | 1.000 | .107 | .205 | -.123 | .254 | .248 | -.146 |
| q25 | .107 | 1.000 | .284 | -.262 | .250 | .114 | -.132 |
| q26 | .205 | .284 | 1.000 | -.215 | .287 | .238 | -.127 |
| q27 | -.123 | -.262 | -.215 | 1.000 | -.162 | -.250 | .268 |
| q28 | .254 | .250 | .287 | -.162 | 1.000 | .201 | -.113 |
| q29 | .248 | .114 | .238 | -.250 | .201 | 1.000 | -.196 |
| q30 | -.146 | -.132 | -.127 | .268 | -.113 | -.196 | 1.000 |

The covariance matrixis calculated and used in the analysis.

### 3.1.5 Innovativeness

Case Processing Summary

|  |  | N | $\%$ |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Cases | Valid | 217 | 100.0 |
|  | Excludeđ | 0 | .0 |
|  | Total | 217 | 100.0 |

a. Listwise deletion based on all variables in the procedure.

Reliability Statistics

|  | Cronbach's <br> Alpha Based <br> on |  |
| :---: | ---: | ---: |
| Cronbach's <br> Apha | Standardized <br> Items | N of Items |
| .781 | .753 | 5 |

Item Statistics


Inter-Item Correlation Matrix

|  | q31 | q32 | q33 | q34 | q35 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| q31 | 1.000 | .273 | .318 | -.059 | .331 |
| q32 | .273 | 1.000 | .471 | -.258 | .343 |
| q33 | .318 | .471 | 1.000 | -.269 | .452 |
| q34 | -.059 | -.258 | -.269 | 1.000 | -.181 |
| q35 | .331 | .343 | .452 | -.181 | 1.000 |

The covariance matrix is calculated and used in the analysis.

Case Processing Summary

|  |  | N | $\%$ |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Cases | Valid | 217 | 100.0 |
|  | Excludeđ | 0 | .0 |
|  | Total | 217 | 100.0 |

a. Listwise deletion based on all variables in the procedure.

Reliability Statistics

| Cronbach's <br> Apha | Cronbach's <br> Alpha Based <br> on <br> Standardized <br> Items | N of Items |
| :---: | ---: | ---: |
| .447 | .448 | 5 |



Inter-Item Correlation Matrix

|  | q36 | q37 | q38 | q39 | q40 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| q36 | 1.000 | .200 | .269 | .276 | .476 |
| q37 | .200 | 1.000 | .103 | .278 | .351 |
| q38 | .269 | .103 | 1.000 | .233 | .243 |
| q39 | .276 | .278 | .233 | 1.000 | .262 |
| q40 | .476 | .351 | .243 | .262 | 1.000 |

The covariance matrix is calculated and used in the analysis.

### 3.1.7 Entrepreneurial Inclination

Case Processing Summary

|  |  | N | $\%$ |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Cases | Valid | 217 | 100.0 |
|  | Excluded | 0 | .0 |
|  | Total | 217 | 100.0 |

a. Listwise deletion based on all variables in the procedure.

Reliability Statistics

|  | Cronbach's <br> Alpha Based <br> on <br> Cronbach's <br> Apha | Standardized <br> Items |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | N of Items | .857 | .858 | 6 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: |

Item Statistics

|  | Mean | Std. Deviation | N |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| q41 | 3.1935 | . 85492 | 217 |
| q42 | 3.106 | Univ8ipt9̇z | of Merrat |
| q43 | 2.1982 | Electrontic | Thes 2178 |
| q44 | 21889 | Licci 84780 | 217 |
| q45 | 2.9908 | WWW.83328 | 1r.ac. 217 |
| q46 | 3.1429 | . 89900 | 217 |

Inter-Item Correlation Matrix

|  | q 41 | q 42 | q 43 | q 44 | q 45 | q 46 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| q 41 | 1.000 | .301 | .208 | .218 | .230 | .247 |
| q 42 | .301 | 1.000 | .235 | .221 | .219 | .233 |
| q 43 | .208 | .235 | 1.000 | .369 | .301 | .304 |
| q 44 | .218 | .221 | .369 | 1.000 | .330 | .299 |
| q 45 | .230 | .219 | .301 | .330 | 1.000 | .324 |
| q 46 | .247 | .233 | .304 | .299 | .324 | 1.000 |

The covariance matrix is calculated and used in the analysis.

### 3.2 Descriptive Statistics

3.2.1 Need for Achievement

## Statistics

N_Ach

| N | Valid | 217 |
| :--- | :--- | ---: |
|  | Missing | 0 |
| Mean |  | 3.1465 |
| Median | 3.1000 |  |
| Mode | 3.15 |  |
| Std. Deviation | .43224 |  |
| Variance | .244 |  |
| Skewness | -.705 |  |
| Std. Error of Skewness |  | .165 |

### 3.2.2 Locus of Control

## Statistics

LoC


### 3.2.3 Propensity to take Risk

Statistics
Risk

| N | Valid | 217 |
| :--- | :--- | ---: |
|  | Missing | 0 |
| Mean |  | 3.2941 |
| Median | 3.3000 |  |
| Mode | 3.3 |  |
| Std. Deviation | .8696 |  |
| Variance | .756 |  |
| Skewness | -.153 |  |
| Std. Error of Skewness |  | .165 |

### 3.2.4 Tolerance for Ambiguity

Statistics
T_Amb

| N | Valid | 217 |
| :--- | :--- | ---: |
|  | Missing | 0 |
| Mean |  | 2.9957 |
| Median | 3.1400 |  |
| Mode | 2.8 |  |
| Std. Deviation | .4561 |  |
| Variance | .219 |  |
| Skewness | -.949 |  |
| Std. Error of Skewness |  | .165 |

### 3.2.5 Innovativeness

Statistics
Innovativeness

| $N$ | Valid <br> Missing | 217 0 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Mean |  | 3.1114 |
| Median |  | 3.0100 |
| Mode | Universily of Mor | tuw 3.28 |
| Std. Deviation ${ }^{3}$ | Universicy or Mor | 66690 |
| Variance ( $\mathrm{E}^{3}$ ) ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | Electronic Theses | \& Dis659 |
| Skewness | WWW.lib.mut.ac.1k | . 156 |
| Std. Error of Skewness |  | . 165 |

3.2.6 Self Confidence

Statistics
Self_Confidence

| N | Valid | 217 |
| :--- | :--- | ---: |
|  | Missing | 0 |
| Mean |  | 3.7273 |
| Median | 3.8000 |  |
| Mode | 3.74 |  |
| Std. Deviation | .61154 |  |
| Variance | .374 |  |
| Skewness | -.424 |  |
| Std. Error of Skewness |  | .165 |

### 3.2.7 Entrepreneurial Inclination

Statistics

| E_I |
| :--- |
| N |
|  |
|  |
|  |
| Mean |
| Missing |$\quad$|  |  |
| ---: | ---: |
| Median |  |
| Mode | 217 |
| Std. Deviation |  |
| Variance | 3.1035 |
| Skewness | 3.00 |
| Std. Error of Skewness |  |

3.3 Descriptive Statistics - Group Wise

### 3.3.1 Entrepreneurially Inclined Group

Descriptive Statistics

|  | N | Mean | Std. Deviation |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| N_Ach | 94 | 3.5416 | . 32457 |
| LoC | Univ4 | Sil 3.7364 | Moratur 47927 |
| Risk | D194 | 3.6552 | -. 62125 |
| T_Ambi | $\mathrm{ELCg}_{4}$ | 01118.3900 | SeS \& . 30498 |
| Innovativeness | WW94. | lib. B48661 | c.1k . 39339 |
| Self_Confidence | 94 | 3.9272 | . 41569 |
| E_I | 94 | 3.7126 | . 42205 |
| Valid N (listwise) | 94 |  |  |

3.3.2 Non Entrepreneurially Inclined Group

Descriptive Statistics

|  | N | Mean | Std. Deviation |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| N_Ach | 123 | 2.7477 | .66794 |
| LoC | 123 | 3.4327 | .72806 |
| Risk | 123 | 2.7288 | .83780 |
| T_Ambi | 123 | 2.5978 | .65863 |
| Innovativeness | 123 | 2.2846 | .79755 |
| Self_Confidence | 123 | 3.5256 | .70627 |
| E_I | 123 | 2.4887 | .45458 |
| Valid N (listwise) | 123 |  |  |

### 3.4 Crosstab Analysis for Attitudinal Variables

### 3.4.1 Crosstabs for Family Orientation

Case Processing Summary

|  | Cases |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | Valid |  | Missing |  | Total |  |
|  | N | Percent | N | Percent | N | Percent |
| F.Orientation* E.I | 217 | $100.0 \%$ | 0 | $.0 \%$ | 217 | $100.0 \%$ |

## F. Orie ntation * E.I Crosstabulation

Count

|  |  | E.I |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | No | Yes | Total |  |
| F. Orientation | No | 110 | 45 | 155 |
|  | Yes | 13 | 49 | 62 |
| Total |  | 123 | 94 | 217 |

## Chi-Square Tests

|  | Value | df | As ymp. Sig. (2-sided) | Exact Sig. (2-sided) | Exact Sig. <br> (1-sided) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Pearson Chis \$quare 4 | nivasigity | of Mora | Luwa, SO90[ | ank |  |
| Continuity, \%orregtiona | lectiolnic | Theses ${ }^{1}$ | \& Disseriat | OnS |  |
| Likelihood Ratio | 46.505 |  | . 000 | - |  |
| Fisher's Exact Pest W | WW. 110.11 | mut.ac.1k |  | . 000 | . 000 |
| Linear-by-Linear As sociation | 44.883 | 1 | . 000 |  |  |
| $N$ of Valid Cases | 217 |  |  |  |  |

a. Computed only for a $2 \times 2$ table
b. 0 cells $(.0 \%)$ have expected count less than 5 . The minimum expected count is 26 . 86.

Symmetric Measures

|  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: |
|  |  | Value | Approx. Sig. |
| Nominal by | Phi | .456 | .000 |
| Nominal | Cramer's V | .456 | .000 |
|  | Contingency Coefficient | .415 | .000 |
| N of Valid Cases |  | 217 |  |

a. Not as suming the null hypothes is.
b. Using the asymptotic standard error ass uming the null hypothesis.

Case Processing Summary

|  | Cases |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | Valid |  | Missing |  | Total |  |
|  | N | Percent | N | Percent | N | Percent |
| Gender*E_I | 217 | $100.0 \%$ |  | 0 | $.0 \%$ | 217 |

Gender * E_I Crossta bulation
Count

|  |  | E I |  | Total |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | No | Yes | Tota |  |
| Gender | Male | 40 | 54 | 94 |
|  | Female | 83 | 40 | 123 |
| Total |  | 123 | 94 | 217 |

Chi-Square Tests

|  | Value | df | As ymp. Sig. (2-sided) | Exact Sig. <br> (2-sided) | Exact Sig. <br> (1-sided) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Pearson Chi-Square | 13.483 ${ }^{\text {b }}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Continuity Correction ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | niv2.48715 | of Mopra | tuwa, 40b | anka. |  |
| Likelihood (Ratio) B | lecl3:560id | Theses | \& Disscooba | 1011s |  |
| Fisher's Exactiest | WW.lib. | mut.ac.1k |  | . 000 | . 000 |
| Linear-by-Linear As sociation | 13.421 | 1 | . 000 |  |  |
| N of Valid Cases | 217 |  |  |  |  |

a. Computed only for a $2 \times 2$ table
b. 0 cells $(.0 \%)$ have expected count less than 5 . The minimum expected count is 40 . 72.

Symmetric Measures

|  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Nominal by | Phi | Value | Approx. Sig. |
| Nominal | Cramer's V | .676 | .000 |
|  | Contingency Coefficient | .676 | .000 |
| N of Valid Cases | .662 | .000 |  |

a. Not as suming the null hypothes is.
b. Using the asymptotic standard error ass uming the null hypothesis.

### 3.4.3 Crosstabs for Religion

Case Processing Summary

|  | Cases |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Valid |  | Missing |  | Total |  |
|  | N | Percent | N | Percent | N | Percent |
| Religion* E_I | 217 | $100.0 \%$ | 0 | $.0 \%$ | 217 | $100.0 \%$ |

Religion *E_I Crosstabulation
Count

|  |  | E I |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  |  | No | Yes |  |
| Religion | B | 96 | 64 | 160 |
|  | I | 7 | 10 | 17 |
|  | C | 20 | 20 | 40 |
| Total |  | 123 | 94 | 217 |

## Chi-Square Tests


a. 0 cells $(.0 \%)$ have expected count less than 5 . The minimum expected count is 7.36 .

Symmetric Measures

|  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: |
|  |  | Value | Approx. Sig. |
| Nominal by | Phi | .120 | .211 |
| Nominal | Cramer's V | .120 | .211 |
|  | Contingency Coefficient | .119 | .211 |
| N of Valid Cases |  | 217 |  |

a. Not as suming the null hypothes is.
b. Using the asymptotic standard error ass uming the null hypothesis.

Case Processing Summary

|  | Cases |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | Valid |  | Missing |  | Total |  |
|  | N | Percent | N | Percent | N | Percent |
| Ethnic_Group * E_I | 217 | $100.0 \%$ | 0 | $.0 \%$ | 217 | $100.0 \%$ |

Ethnic_Group * E_I Crosstabulation
Count

|  |  | E.I |  | Total |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | No |  | Yes |  |
| Ethnic_Group | Sinhala | 110 | 79 | 189 |
|  | Tamil | 6 | 7 | 13 |
|  | Muslim | 7 | 8 | 15 |
| Total |  | 123 | 94 | 217 |

## Chi-Square Tests


a. 0 cells $(.0 \%)$ have expected count less than 5 . The minimum expected count is 5.63 .

Symmetric Measures

|  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: |
|  |  | Value | Approx. Sig. |
| Nominal by | Phi | .080 | .502 |
| Nominal | Cramer's V | .080 | .502 |
|  | Contingency Coefficient | .079 | .502 |
| N of Valid Cases |  | 217 |  |

a. Not as suming the null hypothes is.
b. Using the asymptotic standard error assuming the null hypothesis.

### 3.4.5 Crosstabs for Entrepreneurship Education

Case Processing Summary

|  | Cases |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | Valid |  | Mssing |  | Total |  |
|  | N | Percent | N | Percent | N | Percent |
| E.Education <br> E.Inclination | 217 | $100.0 \%$ | 0 | $.0 \%$ | 217 | $100.0 \%$ |

E. Education * E.Inclination Crosstabulation

Count

|  |  | E. Inclination |  | Total |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  |  | No | Yes |  |
| E.Education | No | 14 | 9 | 23 |
|  | Yes | 109 | 85 | 154 |
|  |  | 123 | 94 | 217 |

Chi-Square Tests

|  | Value | df | Asymp. Sig. (2-sided) | Exact Sig. (2-s, sided) | Exact Sig. (1-sided) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Pearson Cbilisquare 4 | iniver67by | 01 Mar | tuwa, 000 | anka. |  |
| Continuity Cortectiona | lectro35id | Theses | \& Disseraa | 1011S |  |
| Likelihood Raiio Fisher's Exact Test | WW. 11188 | nut.ac. 1 k | . 000 | . 000 | . 000 |
| Linear-by-Linear As sociation | . 166 | 1 | . 000 |  |  |
| $N$ of Valid Cases | 217 |  |  |  |  |

a. Computed only for a $2 \times 2$ table
b. 0 cells $(.0 \%)$ have expected count less than 5 . The minimum expected count is 9 . 92.

Symmetric Measures

|  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: |
|  | Value | Approx. Sig. |  |
| Nominal by | Phi | .453 | .000 |
| Nominal | Cramer's V | .453 | .000 |
|  | Contingency Coefficient | .413 | .000 |

a. Not as suming the null hypothes is.
b. Using the asymptotic standard error ass uming the null hypothesis.

Case Processing Summary

|  | Cases |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | Valid |  | Missing |  | Total |  |
|  | N | Percent | N | Percent | N | Percent |
| University* E_I | 217 | $100.0 \%$ | 0 | $.0 \%$ | 217 | $100.0 \%$ |

University * E_I Crosstabulation
Count

|  |  | E I |  | Total |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  |  | No | Yes |  |
| University | J | 53 | 47 | 100 |
|  | K | 37 | 22 | 59 |
|  | R | 22 | 19 | 41 |
|  | W | 11 | 6 | 17 |
| Total |  | 123 | 94 | 217 |


| [ | Uhi-Squarétests Moratuwa, Sri Lanka. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & 3 \\ & 3 x^{2} \\ & 5 \end{aligned}$ | Hlectronid Theses | $\begin{gathered} \text { 8asyinpssigta } \\ (2 \text {-sided) } \end{gathered}$ | tions |
| Pearson Chi-Square | 1+W2.024 ${ }^{\text {atlilac. }} 3$ | . 567 |  |
| Likelihood Ratio | 2.041 3 | . 564 |  |
| N of Valid Cases | 217 |  |  |

a. 0 cells $(.0 \%)$ have expected count less than 5 . The minimum expected count is 7.36 .

Symmetric Measures

|  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: |
|  |  | Value | Approx. Sig. |
| Nominal by | Phi | .097 | .567 |
| Nominal | Cramer's V | .097 | .567 |
|  | Contingency Coefficient | .096 | .567 |
| N of Valid Cases |  | 217 |  |

a. Not as suming the null hypothes is.
b. Using the asymptotic standard error assuming the null hypothesis.

### 3.5 Scatter Diagrams

3.5.1 Need for Achievement with Entrepreneurial Inclination


3.5.3 Propensity to take Risk with Entrepreneurial Inclination

3.5.4 Tolerande for Ambigutxewith FntreprequitulnedingiqnLanka.

3.5.5 Innovativeness with Entrepreneurial Inclination




### 3.6 Correlation Matrix

|  |  | N_Ach | LoC | Risk | T_Amb | Innovativen ess | Selfconfidence | Ethnic_Group | Education | F. Orientation | Gender | Religion |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| N_Ach | Person Correlation | 1 | .402** | .245** | .053** | .301** | . $333^{* *}$ | -. 092 | -. 092 | -. 047 | -. 034 | 0.271* |
|  | Sig.(2-tailed) |  | . 000 | . 000 | . 000 | . 000 | . 000 | . 176 | . 177 | . 490 | . 616 | . 026 |
|  | N | 217 | 217 | 217 | 217 | 217 | 217 | 217 | 217 | 217 | 217 | 217 |
| LoC | Person Correlation | .402** | 1 | .295** | . $386{ }^{* *}$ | .391** | .233** | -. 022 | -. 119 | . 041 | -. 105 | .335* |
|  | Sig.(2-tailed) | . 000 |  | . 000 | . 000 | . 000 | . 000 | . 747 | . 081 | . 550 | . 123 | . 031 |
|  | $N$ | 217 | 217 | 217 | 217 | 217 | 217 | 217 | 217 | 217 | 217 | 217 |
| Risk | Person Correlation | .245** | .295** | 1 | .122** | .211** | .352** | . 038 | -. 097 | . 081 | . 115 | -. 011 |
|  | Sig.(2-tailed) | . 000 | . 000 |  | . 000 | . 000 | . 000 | . 579 | . 155 | . 234 | . 012 | . 868 |
|  | N | 217 | 217 | 217 | 217 | 217 | 217 | 217 | 217 | 217 | 217 | 217 |
| T_Amb | Person Correlation | .553** | . 386 ** | .122** | 1 | .198** | .331** | -. 042 | -. 015 | -. 064 | -. 083 | . 018 |
|  | Sig.(2-tailed) | . 000 | . 000 | . 000 | 217 | . 000 | . 000 | . 541 | . 824 | . 350 | . 221 | . 791 |
|  | N | 217 | 217 | 217 |  | 217 | 217 | 217 | 217 | 217 | 217 | 217 |
| Innovativeness | Person Correlation | .301** | .391** | .211** | .198** | 1 | . $338^{* *}$ | -. 001 | .147* | . 014 | -. 071 | -. 047 |
|  | Sig.(2-tailed) | . 000 | . 000 | . 000 | . 000 |  | . 000 | . 989 | . 030 | . 839 | . 295 | . 490 |
|  | N | 217 | 217 | 217 | 217 | 217 | 217 | 217 | 217 | 217 | 217 | 217 |
| Self_confidence | Person Correlation | . $333{ }^{* *}$ | .233** | .352** | .331** | . $338{ }^{* *}$ | 1 | -. 027 | -. 077 | .152* | . 072 | -. 097 |
|  | Sig.(2-tailed) | . 000 | . 000 | . 000 | . 000 | . 000 |  | . 692 | . 258 | . 031 | . 292 | . 154 |
|  | N | 217 | 217 | 217 | 217 | 217 | 217 | 217 | 217 | 217 | 217 | 217 |
| Ethnic_Group | Person Correlation | -.092 | -. 022 | 11-038 | C11-042 | F 001 | 2111027 | (1) ${ }^{1}$ | 217 [-869 | . 144 | -. 126 | . $364{ }^{* *}$ |
|  | Sig.(2-tailed) | . 176 | . 747 | 11.579 | . 541 | $\checkmark 989$ | duch 692 | N11 | 411. 31.1 | . 334 | . 064 | . 000 |
|  | N | 217 | 217 | 217 | *217 | 217 | 217 | 217 | 217 | 217 | 217 | 217 |
| Education | Person Correlation | -092 | § ${ }^{-1}-119$ | C.097 | )111009 | $1 \mathrm{Cl} \mathrm{c}^{4} \mathrm{C}$ | . 077 | SP1-069 | O11S 1 | . 124 | -. 140 | . 151 |
|  | Sig.(2-tailed) | 177 | 081 | 455 | 11.824 | P. 030 |  | SO1 | O11 | . 068 | . 140 | . 126 |
|  | N | 2175 | 217 | 217 | 217 | 217 | 217 | 217 | 217 | 217 | 217 | 217 |
| F.Orientation | Person Correlation | -. 047 |  | $7 \times 1084$ | 10. -064 | dcol4 | .152* | . 144 | . 124 | 1 | -. 250 | . 069 |
|  | Sig.(2-tailed) | . 490 | . 550 | . $.234^{\circ}$ | . 350 | . 839 | . 031 | . 334 | . 068 |  | . 180 | . 314 |
|  | N | 217 | 217 | 217 | 217 | 217 | 217 | 217 | 217 | 217 | 217 | 217 |
| Gender | Person Correlation | -. 034 | -. 105 | . 115 | -. 083 | -. 071 | . 072 | -. 126 | -. 140 | -. 250 | 1 | -. 095 |
|  | Sig.(2-tailed) | . 616 | . 123 | . 012 | . 221 | . 295 | . 292 | . 064 | . 140 | . 180 |  | . 165 |
|  | N | 217 | 217 | 217 | 217 | 217 | 217 | 217 | 217 | 217 | 217 | 217 |
| Religion | Person Correlation | $0.271^{*}$ | . $335 *$ | -. 011 | . 018 | -. 047 | -. 097 | . $364 * *$ | . 151 | . 069 | -. 095 | 1 |
|  | Sig.(2-tailed) | . 026 | . 031 | . 868 | . 791 | . 490 | . 154 | . 000 | . 126 | . 314 | . 165 |  |
|  | N | 217 | 217 | 217 | 217 | 217 | 217 | 217 | 217 | 217 | 217 | 217 |

3.7 Testing for Normality
3.7.1 Need for Achievement

Tests of Normality

|  | Kolmogorov-Smirnov $^{\text {a }}$ |  |  | Shapiro-Wilk |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Statistic | df | Sig. | Statistic | df | Sig. |
|  | .072 | 217 | .088 | .988 | 217 | .070 |

a. Lilliefors Significance Correction


### 3.7.2 Locus of Control

Tests of Normality

|  | Kolmogorov-Smirnov $^{\text {a }}$ |  |  | Shapiro-Wilk |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | Statistic | df | Sig. | Statistic | df | Sig. |
| LoC | .102 | 217 | .090 | .980 | 217 | .200 |

a. Lilliefors Significance Correction

## Normal Q-Q Plot of LoC


3.7.3 Propensity to take Risk

Tests of Normality

|  | Kolmogorov-Smirnov $^{\text {a }}$ |  |  | Shapiro-Wilk $^{$$}$ |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | Statistic | df | Sig. | Statistic | df | Sig. |
| Risk | .099 | 217 | .293 | .980 | 217 | .103 |

a. Lilliefors Significance Correction

Normal Q-Q Plot of Risk

3.7.4 Tolerance for Ambiguity

> Tests of Normality

|  | Kolmogorov-Smirnov $^{\text {a }}$ |  |  | Shapiro-Wilk |  |  |
| :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Statistic | df | Sig. | Statistic | df | Sig. |
| T_Amb | .150 | 217 | .312 | .921 | 217 | .090 |

a. Lilliefors Significance Correction


### 3.7.5 Innovativeness

Tests of Normality

|  | Kolmogorov-Smirnov $^{\text {a }}$ |  |  | Shapiro-Wilk |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | Statistic | df | Sig. | Statistic | df | Sig. |
| Innovativeness | .114 | 217 | .063 | .966 | 217 | .720 |

a. Lilliefors Significance Correction

## Normal Q-Q Plot of Innovativeness



Tests of Normality

|  | Kolmogorov-Smirnov(a) |  |  | Shapiro-Wilk |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | Statistic | df | Sig. | Statistic | df | Sig. |
|  | .096 | 217 | .121 | .977 | 217 | .101 |

a Lilliefors Significance Correction

## Normal Q-Q Plot of Self_Confidence


3.7.7 Entrepreneurial Inclination

Tests of Normality

|  | Kolmogorov-Smirnov $^{\text {a }}$ |  |  | Shapiro-Wilk |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Statistic | df | Sig. | Statistic | df | Sig. |
| E_I | .341 | 217 | .110 | .643 | 217 | .100 |

a. Lilliefors Significance Correction

Normal Q-Q Plot of E_I

3.8 Multiple Regression Analysis

Variables Entered/Removed ${ }^{\text {b }}$

a. All requested variabies entered
b. Dependent Variable: E_I

Model Summary ${ }^{\text {d }}$

| Model | R | R Square | Adjusted <br> R Square | Std. Error of <br> the Estimate | Durbin- <br> Watson |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 1 | $.797^{\mathrm{a}}$ | .635 | .625 | .45824 |  |
| 2 | $.797^{\mathrm{b}}$ | .635 | .626 | .45716 |  |
| 3 | $.797^{\mathrm{c}}$ | .635 | .628 | .45617 | 2.175 |

a. Predictors: (Constant), Self_Confidence, T_Amb, Risk, N_Ach, Innovativeness, LoC
b. Predictors: (Constant), T_Amb, Risk, N_Ach, Innovativeness, LoC
c. Predictors: (Constant), T_Amb, Risk, N_Ach, Innovativeness
d. Dependent Variable: E_I

ANOVA ${ }^{d}$

| Model |  | Sum of <br> Squares | df | Mean Square | F | Sig. |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 1 | Regression | 77.852 | 6 | 12.975 | 60.886 | $.000^{\text {a }}$ |
|  | Residual | 44.753 | 210 | .213 |  |  |
|  | Total | 122.605 | 216 |  |  |  |
| 2 | Regression | 77.851 | 5 | 15.570 | 73.408 | $.000^{\text {b }}$ |
|  | Residual | 44.754 | 211 | .212 |  |  |
|  | Total | 122.605 | 216 |  |  | $.000^{\text {c }}$ |
|  | Regression | 77.814 | 4 | 19.454 | 92.077 |  |
|  | Residual | 44.790 | 212 | .211 |  |  |
|  | Total | 122.605 | 216 |  |  |  |

a. Predictors: (Constant), Self_Confidence, T_Amb, Risk, N_Ach, Innovativeness, LoC
b. Predictors: (Constant), Self_Confidence, T_Amb, Risk, N_Ach, Innovativeness
c. Predictors: (Constant), T_Amb, Risk, N_Ach, Innovativeness
d. Dependent Variable: E_I

Coefficients ${ }^{\text {a }}$

| Model |  | Unistandardized CoefficientsBlectrsed!error |  |  |  |  | Collinearity Statistics |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Tolerance | VIF |
| 1 | (Constant) | $\mathrm{w}^{353}$ | \% 11b. 215 |  |  |  | ac.1k | 1.641 | . 102 |  |  |
|  | N_Ach | . 216 | . 0.073 | . 188 | 2.968 | . 003 | . 732 | 2.315 |
|  | LoC | . 005 | . 071 | . 005 | . 072 | . 943 | . 636 | 2.976 |
|  | Risk | . 104 | . 054 | . 120 | 1.937 | . 054 | . 655 | 2.197 |
|  | T_Amb | . 186 | . 077 | . 160 | 2.407 | . 017 | . 896 | 2.528 |
|  | Innovativeness | . 373 | . 057 | . 430 | 6.535 | . 000 | . 801 | 2.492 |
|  | Self_Confidence | . 024 | . 060 | . 020 | . 404 | . 687 | . 734 | 1.363 |
| 2 | (Constant) | . 353 | . 214 |  | 1.649 | . 101 |  |  |
|  | N_Ach | . 217 | . 069 | . 190 | 3.129 | . 002 | . 771 | 2.123 |
|  | Risk | . 105 | . 050 | . 121 | 2.081 | . 039 | . 610 | 1.960 |
|  | T_Amb | . 187 | . 076 | . 160 | 2.470 | . 014 | . 810 | 2.441 |
|  | Innovativeness | . 374 | . 055 | . 431 | 6.741 | . 000 | . 823 | 2.365 |
|  | Self_Confidence | . 025 | . 060 | . 020 | . 414 | . 679 | . 741 | 1.350 |
| 3 | (Constant) | . 408 | . 167 |  | 2.444 | . 015 |  |  |
|  | N_Ach | . 221 | . 069 | . 193 | 3.213 | . 002 | . 779 | 2.089 |
|  | Risk | . 108 | . 050 | . 125 | 2.169 | . 031 | . 621 | 1.918 |
|  | T_Amb | . 189 | . 075 | . 163 | 2.518 | . 013 | . 813 | 2.423 |
|  | Innovativeness | . 376 | . 055 | . 434 | 6.845 | . 000 | . 828 | 2.334 |

a. Dependent Variable: E_I

Excluded Variables ${ }^{\text {c }}$

|  |  |  |  |  |  | Partial <br> Model |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  |  |  |  | Collinearity <br> Statistics |  |  |
|  | Correlation | Tolerance |  |  |  |  |
| 2 | LoC | $.005^{\mathrm{a}}$ | .072 | .943 | .005 | .336 |
| 3 | LoC | $.008^{\mathrm{b}}$ | .112 | .911 | .008 | .339 |
|  | Self_Confidence | $.020^{\mathrm{b}}$ | .414 | .679 | .028 | .741 |

a. Predictors in the Model: (Constant), Self_Confidence, T_Amb, Risk, N_Ach, Innovativeness
b. Predictors in the Model: (Constant), T_Amb, Risk, N_Ach, Innovativeness
c. Dependent Variable: E_I

Re siduals Statistics

|  | Minimum | Maximum | Mean | Std. Deviation | N |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Predicted Value | 1.5679 | 4.2374 | 3.1035 | . 60021 | 217 |
| Std. Predicted Value | -2.558 | 1.889 | . 000 | 1.000 | 217 |
| Standard Error of Predicted Value | . 035 | . 154 | . 067 | . 021 | 217 |
| Adjusted Predicted V/alue | 4.5683 | Sil4 2486 | 10821040 | , Sri 60062 | 217 |
| Residual | -91934 | 171-24845 | ¢08000 | erla 45537 S | 217 |
| Std. Residual | 2.000 | 2.716 | .11. .000 | . 991 | 217 |
| Stud. Residual | 2.064 | 2.738 | -. 001 | 1.002 | 217 |
| Deleted Residual | -. 98226 | 1.26888 | -. 00055 | . 46633 | 217 |
| Stud. Deleted Residual | -2.084 | 2.781 | . 000 | 1.007 | 217 |
| Mahal. Distance | . 255 | 23.240 | 3.982 | 3.379 | 217 |
| Cook's Distance | . 000 | . 058 | . 005 | . 008 | 217 |
| Centered Leverage Value | . 001 | . 108 | . 018 | . 016 | 217 |

a. Dependent Variable: E_I

Histogram


3.9 Independent Sample T Test for Comparing Means
3.9.1 Need for Achievement

Group Statistics

|  | E I | N | Mean | Std. Deviation | Std. Error <br> Mean |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | :---: |
| N_Ach | no | 123 | 2.7417 | .66795 | .06286 |
|  | yes | 94 | 3.5421 | .32454 | .03269 |

Independent Samples Test
Equal variances not assumed

3.9.2 Locus of Control University of Moratuwa, Sri Lanka. Electronic Theses \& Dissertations Groū̄ Statisitices .mrt.ac. 1 k

|  | E I | N |  | Mean | Std. Deviation |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | | Std. Error |
| :---: |
| Mean |
| LoC |
| no |
|  |
|  |
| yes |

Independent Samples Test
Equal variances not assumed

|  | t-test for Equality of Means |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | t | df | Sig. (2-tailed) | Mean Difference | Std. Error <br> Difference | 95\% Confidence Interval of the Difference |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | Lower | Upper |
| LoC | -8.894 | 210.884 | . 083 | -. 29746 | . 08617 | -.93630 | -. 59656 |

3.9.3 Propensity to take Risk

Group Statistics

|  | E l | N | Mean | Std. Deviation | Std. Error <br> Mean |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | :---: |
| Risk | no | 123 | 2.7287 | .83781 | .08101 |
|  | yes | 94 | 3.6551 | .62123 | .06458 |

Independent Samples Test
Equal variances not assumed

|  | t-test for Equality of Means |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | t | df | Sig. (2-tailed) | Mean Difference | Std. Error <br> Difference | 95\% Confidence Interval of the Difference |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | Lower | Upper |
| Risk | -7.049 | 213.320 | . 000 | -. 93468 | . 10360 | -. 93449 | -. 52607 |



Independent Samples Test
Equal variances not assumed

|  | t-test for Equality of Means |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | t | df | Sig. (2-tailed) | Mean Difference | Std. Error <br> Difference | 95\% Confidence Interval of the Difference |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | Lower | Upper |
| T_Ambi | -9.554 | 170.544 | . 000 | . 7922 | . 06949 | -. 80105 | -. 52673 |

Group Statistics

|  |  |  |  |  | Std. Error <br> Mean |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | :---: |
| Innovativeness | no | N | Mean | Std. Deviation | Men |
|  | yes | 123 | 2.2846 | .79758 | .07856 |
|  | 94 | 3.4866 | .39332 | .04081 |  |

## Independent Samples Test

Equal variances not assumed


Independent Samples Test
Equal variances not assumed

|  | t-test for Equality of Means |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | t | df | Sig. (2-tailed) | Mean Difference | Std. Error Difference | 95\% Confidence Interval of the Difference |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | Lower | Upper |
| Self_Confidence | -3.715 | 196.852 | . 251 | -. 40162 | . 07603 | -. 43243 | -. 13255 |


[^0]:    The covariance matrixis calculated and used in the analysis.

