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Appendix 1

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Appendix 2


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Appendix 3

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Appendix 4

## Cost of Construction and Design Parameters of Tower Type Structures



## MV Line Cost Optimization Macro - User Guide

## 1. Data arrangement

### 1.1. Profile Survey Data Arrangement

Survey data co-ordinate file which is provided by the surveyor after detailed survey of the line route can be used for the MV Line Cost Optimization Macro.

| 4 | A | B | Name Box | D | E | F | G | H |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 |  |  |  | Profile | Surveying | g Data |  |  |
| 2 | Proposed 33 kV Express line route From the Gantry at Jayanthipura to the GSS at Polonnaruwa |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3 | From A-7 To TT-GSS POLONNARUWA |  |  |  |  |  | 14 |  |
| 4 | urvey point I | Northing | Easting | Elevation | Height above | Feature | Remarks |  |
| 5 |  | Cordinate(Y) | Cordinate(X) | (Z)m | ground (H)/m | Description |  |  |
| 6 | 9002 | 610276.315 | 525127.24 | 48.58 |  | A-7 |  |  |
| 7 | 578 | 610275.684 | 525132.2 | 48.281 |  | BI S |  |  |
| 8 | 579 | 610273.75 | 525131.56 | 48.214 |  | CL |  |  |
| 9 | 580 | 610271.21 | 525135.83 | 48.279 |  | CL |  |  |
| 10 | 581 | 610257.618 | 525158.71 | 48.213 |  | SH |  |  |
| 11 | 582 | 610255.514 | 525162.25 | 49.123 |  | CL |  |  |
| 12 | 583 | 610251.087 | 525169.7 | 48.91 |  | CL |  |  |
| 13 | 584 | 610249.973 | 525171.58 | 48.149 |  | SH |  |  |
| 14 | 585 | 610264.106 | 525175.47 | 49.225 |  | RD |  |  |
| 15 | 586 | 610261.025 | 525181.25 | 49.28 |  | RD |  |  |
| 16 | 5873 | 610243.983 | 525147.74 | 49.199 |  | RD | -ni T nn1ra |  |
| 17 | g88 | 610200.121 | $525235: 49$ | Y 47.918 | 101 | CLMa, | 11. |  |
| 18 | $5(589)$ | 610142.773 | $1.525352 .02$ | $C^{47} \cdot 416$ | yes 8 | C) 1 SS | ridalions |  |
| 19 | 590 | . 610233.05 | 525285,24 | 47.101 |  | EP HT |  |  |
| 20 | (35) | -610208.162 | W5252411.06. | 11148.2 | $\text { C. } 8.5$ | CL-33KV | 33KV LINE |  |
| 21 | 592 | 610185.444 | 525224.98 | 48.637 |  | WMF |  |  |

Figure 1: A sample survey data file provided by the surveyor

Before using, the above three dimensional survey data provided by the surveyor should be converted to two dimensional profile survey data by mapping the survey points to centerline in section wise ( Z co-ordinate; the ground height co-ordinate should be remained as same), as visualized in Figure 2.


Figure 2: Data mapping to centerline

Equations shown in following excel sheet (Figure 3) can be used for survey data arrangement. Horizontal distances for each survey point from the section starting point can be read from column K of excel work sheet shown in Figure 3.



Figure 3: Section wise data mapping to centerline

Prepare the data table shown in Table 1, using the arranged survey data. Fill "Required ground clearance" and "Required obstacle clearance" values appropriately according to the standards. The data arrangement shown in Table 1 can be directly paste to excel macro work sheet as the survey data input.

Table 1: Arranged survey data format for input to the Macro

| Type of terrain - tot |  | Soil A - 1 | Soil B - 2 |  | Soil G-4 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Required Ground Clearance - rgc |  | Normal 6.1 | Roads 6.4 |  | Railway 7.3 |  |
| Required Obstacle Clearance - roc |  | LT line-3 Lt/Ht Pole - 4 |  |  | 132 line - 3.7 | 220 Line - 4.7 |
| Index | Horizontal Dist | Ground HT | Obstacle HT from ground level | Description | Required Ground Clearance | Required Obstacle Clearance |
| i | $\mathrm{d}(\mathrm{i}) \mathrm{m}$ | $\mathrm{g}(\mathrm{i}) \mathrm{m}$ | o (i) m |  | $\mathrm{rgc}(\mathrm{i}) \mathrm{m}$ | roc(i) m |
| 0 | 0.000 | 62.869 |  | A1 | 6.1 |  |
| 1 | 561.381 | 62.703 |  | CL | 6.1 |  |
| 2 | 550.718 | 62.928 |  | B | 6.4 |  |
| 3 | 546.898 | 63.201 |  | CL | 6.1 |  |
| 4 | 549.917 | 62.459 |  | SH | 6.1 |  |
| 5 | 592.859 | 63.19 |  | B | 6.4 |  |
| 6 | 585.799 | 63.365 |  | CP | 6.1 |  |
| 7 | 585.506 | 63.629 |  | CL | 6.1 |  |
| 8 | 579.135 | 66.692 |  | HR | 6.1 |  |
| 9 | 68.958 | 63.417 | 6.7 | EP line | 6.1 | 3 |
| 10 | 67.274 | 63.243 |  | CL | 6.1 |  |
| 11 | 65.506 | 62.869 | 3.7 | TP line | 6.1 | 3 |
| 12 | 72.550 | 62.728 |  | CL | 6.1 |  |
| 13 | 4. 68,222iv 63s7ty of Moratuwa, Bri Lankrd. |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | (\%) Elect | tronic ' alingeme | heses \& ac.lk | isserta |  |  |

Two parameters of the conductor is required as input to the Macro program.

1. Conductor unit weight (w) in $\mathrm{Nm}^{-1}$ - This parameter can be obtained from conductor data sheet.
2. Conductor horizontal tension $\left(\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{H}}\right) \mathrm{N}$ of the catenary curve at maximum temperature with zero wind - This parameter should be manually calculated applying conductor state change equation shown below, while satisfying defined conductor safety factors for maximum tension and every day tension conditions.

Conductor state change equation;

$$
f_{2}^{2}\left\{f_{2}-\left(f_{1}-\frac{a^{2} \delta^{2} Q_{1}^{2} E}{24 f_{1}^{2}}-\alpha t E\right)\right\}=\frac{a^{2} \delta^{2} Q_{2}^{2} E}{24}
$$

Where,
$\mathrm{A}=$ Cross section area of the conductor
$f_{1}=H_{1} / \mathrm{A} ; \quad \mathrm{H}_{1}=$ Horizontal tension at state 1 of the conductor
$f_{2}=\mathrm{H}_{2} / \mathrm{A} ; \quad \mathrm{H}_{2}=$ Horizontal tension at state 2 of the conductor
$a=$ Span length AB
$\delta=\mathrm{w} / \mathrm{A} ; \quad \mathrm{w}=$ unit weight of the conductor
$\mathrm{Q}_{1}=$ Wind factor at state 1
$\mathrm{Q}_{2}=$ Wind factor at state 2
$\alpha=$ Coefficient of linear expansion of the conductor
$\mathrm{t}=\mathrm{t}_{2}-\mathrm{t}_{1} ; \quad \mathrm{t}_{1}=$ Temperature at state $1, \mathrm{t}_{2}=$ Temperature at state 2
$\mathrm{E}=$ Modulus of elasticity of the conductor

### 1.3. Structure data arrangement

Following parameters of the structure family used for the line are required as the input to the Macro program.

1. Height in meters to bottom conductor attachment point of each structure University of Moratuwa, Sri Lanka.
heightevel for three defined height deveds.
2. Towerind erecting cast for each height level of suspension type structure.
3. Tower and erecting cost for each height level of tension type structures.
4. Average foundation cost for a structure.
5. Maximum allowable wind span and weight span for the structure family.

## 2. Running the program

## Step $1 \rightarrow$ Open Macro

Double click on "MV Cost Optimization-Macro.xlsm". In accordance with instructions given in information bar if required enable Macro content for the sheet.

## Step $2 \rightarrow$ Profile data input

Profile data arranged as explained in section 1.1 of the User Guide, should be copied and pasted to the given area of MV Cost Optimization-Macro.xlsm.

## Step $3 \boldsymbol{\rightarrow}$ Open UserForm

Use following steps to open Macro UserForm.

$$
\text { View } \rightarrow \text { Macros } \rightarrow \text { View Macros } \rightarrow \text { Macro } 1 \rightarrow \text { Run }
$$

UserForm will be appeared as shown in Figure 4.

## Step $4 \rightarrow$ Conductor parameters input

Enter conductor unit weight and horizontal tension in the two text boxes shown in Area 1 of Figure 5.


Figure 4: UserForm


Figure 5: Conductor data input

## Step $5 \boldsymbol{\rightarrow}$ Tower heights input

Enter tower bottom conductor attachment point height levels in the text boxes shown in Area 2 of Figure 5.

## Step $\mathbf{6} \boldsymbol{\rightarrow}$ Tower costs and wind span and weight span input

Enter calculated suspension tower costs (tower + erection), tension tower costs (tower + erection + foundation cost) for , average foundation cost for suspension towers, start and end tower angle type for the line section and weight and wind span limits in the area shown in Figure 6.


## Step $7 \rightarrow$ Define the design range

Enter starting tower point (j) survey data index and end tower point survey index in given text boxes according to arranged survey data sheet ( integer appeared in excel sheet index number column for section starting point)


Figure 7: Defining starting and end point of the section

## Step $8 \rightarrow$ Run the computation

First click "Multi span computation" command. When computation results appeared click on "Cost Computation" command button. Design solutions and cost computations will be shown in the UseFform as shown in Figure 8. The lowest cost solution will be highlighted in light blue color.


Figure 8: Results display

## Step $9 \rightarrow$ Reading optimum design

After reading summary of the lowest cost design solution from the UserForm it can be closed. Detailed design can be read from the excel sheet by three columns under the selectedeenfiguration number of Moratuwa, Sni Lanka.


Figure 9: Results in excel work sheet
Tower positions with the heights are appeared as "TP1", "TP2" or "TP3" at each tower location survey point index row. Tower positions can be read along those rows by horizontal distance of each row. This design result can be visually displayed on Auto-CADD or PLS-CADD profile drawings.

Appendix 6

## Cost of Construction and Design Parameters of Mast Type Structures

| Double <br> Circuit Support Type | Support Cost (LKR) | Erection Cost (LKR) | Foundation Cost for Good soil(LKR) | Maximum allowable wind span (m) | Maximum allowable weight span (m) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| MDL+0 | 130,000 | 55,000 | 180,000 | 240 | 400 |
| MDL+3 | 195,000 | 70,000 |  |  |  |
| MDL+6 | 242,000 | 80,000 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| MDM +0 | 315,000 | 90,000 | 400,000 | 240 | 600 |
| MDM+3 | 380,000 | 110,000 |  |  |  |
| MDM+6 | 410,000 | 130,000 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{MDH}+0$ | 485,000 | 105,000 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 600,000 } \\ & \text { Ioratuwa, } \\ & \text { es \& Dis } \end{aligned}$ | Sri Lanka. | 600 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{MDH}+3 \\ & \mathrm{MDH}+6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 515,000 } \\ & \text { inive } \\ & \text { electit } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 140,000 \\ \text { issity of } \\ 155,000 \\ \text { onic } \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |
|  |  | b.mut.a |  |  |  |
| MDT+0 | 410,000 | 130,000 | 800,000 | 240 | 600 |
| MDT+3 | 630,000 | 160,000 |  |  |  |
| MDT+6 | 675,000 | 190,000 |  |  |  |

