



# **VOLTAGE SAG MITIGATION USING DYNAMIC VOLTAGE RESTORER WITH MULTI-FEEDBACK CONTROL**

by  
G. Weerasekera

This thesis is submitted to the department of Electrical Engineering in partial fulfillment of the requirement for the Degree of Master of Engineering

Supervised by: Prof. H. Y. R. Perera &  
Dr. H. M. Wijekoon

Department of Electrical Engineering  
University of Moratuwa  
Sri Lanka

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82707



## Abstract

Voltage sag is one of the most serious power problems that the industrial customers are facing nowadays. Voltage sag is a momentary reduction of rms voltage.

These momentary reductions are, sometimes, sufficient to cause tripping of sensitive equipment of an industrial installation. One such tripping can cause production loss worth of several hundred thousands to few millions of rupees depending on the nature of the industry (e.g. Glass industry).

Voltage sags can be remedied at 'system-level' as well as 'device-level'. The system level solutions are costly because controlling the voltage sag events of a power system involves large amount of money and effort. On the other-hand, every customer. fed by a power system is not affected by voltage sags. Only few customers have sensitive equipment such as process controllers- which need protection from sags. Therefore a device-level solution provided at the customers' doorstep is more attractive in economic terms.

Dynamic Voltage Restorer (DVR) is one of such 'device-level' mitigating devices that could be used to protect a customer from voltage sags. The basic theory behind the DVR is the series voltage compensation. In case of a sag of the incoming supply voltage to a customer installation, the DVR injects the balance of voltage in series with the incoming voltage so that the load does not see any abnormal condition.

Since a sag continues within a few fractions of a second, the DVR has to respond fast enough to compensate the sag. Therefore, the control method adopted in the DVR has a vital role in its satisfactory performance.

In this research project, three different control options, namely open-loop control system, close-loop control system and multi-feed back control system were designed,



analysed and digitally simulated. This thesis contains the details of those design, analysis and simulation.

Out of the three control options, the multi-feed back controlled DVR has shown superior performance compared with the other two options and therefore, this option is recommended for practical use in protecting an important load. From the analysis and also the digital simulations, it has been proved that the multi-feed back controlled DVR is capable of protecting any load up to 5 MVA (power factor from 0.6 to unity) against system voltage sags.

## Declaration

I certify that this thesis has not been previously prepared in whole or part to any University or Institution for a higher degree.



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G. Weerasekera

Jan 2005

## ***UOM Verified Signature***



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Prof. H.Y.R. Perera

Supervisor

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# ABBREVIATIONS

AC	Alternating Current
DC	Direct Current
DVR	Dynamic Voltage Restorer
Fig.	Figure
IEC	International Electromechanical Commission
IGBT	Insulated Gate Bipolar-junction Transistor
kV	Kilo-Volt
mH	milli-Henry
ms	milli-second
MV	Medium Voltage
MVA	Mega Volt Ampere
PCC	Point of Common Coupling
p.f.	Power Factor
pu	per unit
PWM	Pulse Width Modulation
rms	Root Mean Square
sec.	second
THD	Total Harmonic Distortion
UPS	Uninterrupted Power Supply
V	Volt
VA	Volt-Ampere
VSI	Voltage Source Inverter
$\Omega$	Ohm,