42/DON/38/2017

TECHNO - ECONOMIC ANALYSIS OF BUILDING ENERGY SYSTEM WITH NET METER SOLAR PV IN SRI LANKA

LIBRARY
UNIVERSITY OF MORATUWA, SRI LANKA
MORATUWA

Thelisinghe Mudiyanselage Sudhari Chathurika Jayasinghe

139562X

Dissertation submitted in partial fulfillment of the requirements for the Degree of Master of Science in Electrical Installations.

University of Moratuwa
TH3318

Department of Electrical Engineering

University of Moratuwa
Sri Lanka

621.3"17"
696.6(043)

February 2017

TH 3318
+CD-ROM

TH3318

DECLARATION

I declare that this is my own work and this dissertation does not incorporate without acknowledgement any material previously submitted for a Degree or Diploma in any other University or institute of higher learning and to the best of my knowledge and belief it does not contain any material previously published or written by another person except where the acknowledgement is made in the text.

Also, I hereby grant to University of Moratuwa the non-exclusive right to reproduce and distribute my dissertation, in whole or in part in print, electronic or other medium. I retain the right to use this content in whole or part in future works (such as articles or books).

.....Sudhawi.....

Signature of the candidate

2017-02-15

Date:

(T.M.S.C. Jayasinghe)

The above candidate has carried out research for the Masters Dissertation under my supervision.

UOM Verified Signature

.....

Signature of the supervisor

2017-02-15

Date:

(Dr. K.T.M. Udayanga Hemapala)

ABSTRACT

In Sri Lanka net meter PV energy is popular in building sector and also it is promoted by the government. Every building owner would be like to have optimum energy design while minimizing the cost of energy when new buildings are at design stage. According to the 2014 Sri Lana energy balance, the energy consumption of commercial buildings accounts for about 25% of energy. So it is important to optimize consumption of fossil fuels in the building sector in order to reduce greenhouse gas emissions.

Optimum net meter solar PV capacity to be installed is depend on various factor such as tariff category, solar irradiation, building load profile, maximum demand of the building etc. Thus it is essential do analysis to decide the PV system capacity. But this analysis is tedious to do without data and expertise knowledge on high end analysis software.

In this research, a methodology is proposed to develop an optimum energy solution tool using techno- economic analysis for building energy system with net metered solar PV in Sri Lanka which are differ from load profile, tariff Scheme and the maximum demand.

The software HOMER was used to model the energy system and the simulation is validated using two actual situations.

From this research intelligent tool is developed which is very easy to use by anyone without expertise knowledge or practice to select optimum solar PV capacity to be installed and get details on investment cost, cost of energy, payback period etc. If the user cannot go for the optimum PV capacity due to the limitations on cost or area, then this tool can be used select whatever the possible feasible capacity using this tool. This developed tool have been verified considering two actual situations.

Key words: PV capacity, load profile, tariff Scheme, maximum demand, investment cost, cost of energy, payback period

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

I would like to express my special thanks of gratitude to Dr. K.T.M. Udayanga Hemapala who encouraged and guided me to conduct this research and on perpetration of final dissertation.

I would like to take this opportunity to extend my sincere thanks to Head of the Department of Electrical Engineering and all the lectures and visiting lectures of the Department of Electrical Engineering for the support extended during the study period.

My sincere thank goes to Eng. MR Jeychandran; director general, Eng. G Bogahawaththa; former director general, Eng (Ms) EDMS Gunarathne; chief electrical engineer, my superiors and colleagues in department of buildings for their support and encouragement.

I extend my sincere gratitude to Mr. Kapila Gunasena,; GSMB, human resource manager; ELS Lanka (Pvt) ltd, Mr. Thilina Maduranga; GENSO power technologies (Pvt) ltd, Mr. Sampath Abeysekara; Hayleys Industrial Solutions (Pvt) Ltd, Mr. Harsha Fernando; Trade Promoters (Pvt) Ltd, Mr Dinesh; Winseth Solar (Pvt) ltd and Mr. Chamara Adhikari; BAM green (Pvt) ltd who spent their valuable time to provide me valuable information and data required for this study.

Further, I extend my sincere gratitude to NREL for providing the HOMER software update. My special thanks go to Ms. Kanchana Amarasekara, PhD student at University of Wollongong, Australia and Mr. Chandana Ruwan ; assistant lecturer at University of Peradeniya for providing valuable information required for this study.

It is also with great pleasure that I remember the encouragement and support extended by my mother and my husband. May be I could not have completed this research without their valuable support.

Contents

1 INTRODUCTION 1
1.1 Net meter PV system 1
1.2 Electricity load profile in buildings 2
2 RESEARCH OUTLINE 3
2.1 Problem Identification 3
2.2 Objective 4
2.3 Research Boundaries 4
2.4 Literature Review 5
2.5 Methodology 5
2.5.1 Literature Survey 5
2.5.2 Model proposal 6
2.5.3 Identifying and collecting necessary data for modeling in HOMER 6
2.5.4 Modeling and simulation 9
2.5.5 Simulation validation 9
2.5.6 Various system analysis 9
2.5.7 Tool development 11
2.5.8 Tool validation 11
3 HOMER SIMULATION 12
3.1 Software introduction 12
3.2 Primary load 13
3.3 Generator 13
3.4 PV 15
3.4.1 Solar resource 17
3.5 Converter 17
3.6 Grid 18
3.6.1 Grid outage modeling 19
3.7 Economic modeling 24
3.8 HOMER simulation results 25
4 SIMULATION RESULTS COMPARISON 26
4.1 Influence of the load curve (Cluster type) 27
4.2 Influence of the tariff category 27

4.3 Influence of the maximum demand 28
5 ANALYSIS TOOL DEVELOMENT 30
5.1 Tool development 30
5.2 Data retrieval from the tool 32
6 VALIDATION 36
6.1 Simulation validation 36
6.1.1 Study 1: Geological survey & Mines bureau (GSMB) – Pitakotte 36
6.1.2 Study 2: ELS Lanka (Pvt) Ltd 42
6.2 Analysis tool validation 45
6.2.1 Study 1 - "Food City Nawala": No 264, Nawala Road, Rajagiriya 45
6.2.2 Study 2 – Geological survey & mines bureau – 569, Epitamulla road Pitakotte 52
7 CONCLUSION & DISCUSSION 57
REFERENCES 59

List of figures

Figure 1-1 : Solar PV net metering arrangement....2
Figure 2-1: Proposed model....6
Figure 3-1 : Schematic diagram in HOMER simulation....12
Figure 3-2: Primary load inputs....13
Figure 3-3 : Generator inputs....15
Figure 3-4 : PV inputs....16
Figure 3-5 : Solar resource inputs....17
Figure 3-6 : Grid inputs....18
Figure 3-7 : Grid outage in year 2015....20
Figure 3-8 : Grid outage in 2016....20
Figure 3-9 : Grid outage modeling in HOMER....22
Figure 3-10 : Simulation results which shows zero energy purchase from when the grid outage....23
Figure 4-1 : Optimum PV capacity for different clusters with varying maximum demand....26
Figure 4-2 : CoE & payback period variation with PV capacity for different clusters....27
Figure 4-3 : COE & payback period variation with PV capacity for different tariff schemes....28
Figure 4-4 : COE & payback period variation with PV capacity for different maximum demand....29
Figure 4-5 : Optimum PV capacity variation with maximum demand....29
Figure 5-1 : Tool development algorithm....31
Figure 5-2 : Front page of the analysis tool....32
Figure 5-3 : Input window & error message....33
Figure 5-4 : Output window of the tool....34
Figure 5-5 : Data retrieve algorithm from analysis tool....35
Figure 6-1 : Load variation pattern related to study 1 for simulation validation....36
Figure 6-2 : Simulation results on monthly average electricity production for study 1....40
Figure 6-3 : Simulation results on power consumption for study 1....41
Figure 6-4 : Simulation results on electricity production for study 2....44
Figure 6-5 : Simulation results on power consumption for study 2....44
Figure 6-6 : Load variation pattern related to study 1 for tool validation....48
Figure 6-7 : Tool output for study 1 for tool validation....49
Figure 6-8 : Tool output for CoE & payback period for study1....50
Figure 6-9 : Tool output for study 2 for tool validation....54
Figure 6-10 : Tool output for CoE & payback period for study 2....55

List of tables

Table 2-1 : System component considered for simulation 8
Table 2-2 : Cluster description with sample installations [12] 11
Table 6-1 : Actual data for study 1 for simulation validation 38
Table 6-2 : Simulation results for study 1 for simulation validation 39
Table 6-3 : Results comparison for study 1 on simulation validation 42
Table 6-4 : Simulation results for study 2 for simulation validation 43
Table 6-5 : Results comparison for study 2 on simulation validation 45
Table 6-6 : Electricity bill summary at Cargills food city Nawala 46
Table 6-7 : Solar system performance 47
Table 6-8 : Comparison of actual and tool output for study 1 51
Table 6-9 : Comparison of actual and tool output for study 1 56

LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS

Abbreviation	Description
PUCSL	Public Utilities Commission of Sri Lanka
CEB	Ceylon Electricity Board
LECO	Lanka Electricity Private Limited
SLSEA	Sri Lanka Sustainable Energy Authority
kVA	kilo-Volt-Ampere
kWh	kilo Watt hour
kW	kilo Watt
PV	Photovoltaic
CoE	Cost of Energy
NPC	Net Present Cost
NREL	National Renewable Energy Laboratory
GSMB	Geological Survey and Mines Bureau

LIST OF ANNEXURES

ANNEXURE 1: Load profile for clusters
ANNEXURE 2: Tariff category description
ANNEXURE 3: GSMB electricity bills and PV system performance
ANNEXURE 4: ELS Lanka (Pvt) Ltd electricity bills and PV system performance
ANNEXURE 5: Cargills foodcity, Nawala electricity bill and PV system performance
ANNEXURE 6: visual basic code used for tool development