BARRIERS TO THE PUBLIC KEY INFRASTRUCTURE (PKI) DEPLOYMENT AND USAGE FOR AUTHENTIC DOCUMENT TRANSACTION IN SRI LANKAN BANKING SECTOR

MASTER OF BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION IN INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY

H. S. Rajapakse Department of Computer Science & Engineering University of Moratuwa December 2007

BARRIERS TO THE PUBLIC KEY INFRASTRUCTURE (PKI) DEPLOYMENT AND USAGE FOR AUTHENTIC DOCUMENT TRANSACTION IN SRI LANKAN BANKING SECTOR

By

H.S.Rajapakse



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DECLARATION

The work submitted in this dissertation is the result of my own investigation, except where otherwise stated.

It has not already been accepted for any degree, and is not being concurrently submitted for any other degree.

Hirannya Rajapakse Electri 11th February 2007

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I endorse the declaration by the candidate.

Mr. Shantha Fernando

TABLE OF CONTENT

Abstract	5
Chapter1	.11
Introduction	.11
Background	.11
Problem Identified	.14
Research Objectives	.15
A Brief Method of Study Adopted	.15
A Brief Review of Literature on Previous Attempts	.16
Expected Results from the Study	.17
Chapter2	.18
Literature Review	.18
Overview of Public Key Infrastructure	.18
Authentic Documents.	.19
Digital Signature	.19
Obstacles to PKI Deployment and Usage	.20
Public Key Infrastructure for Financial Institutions	.25
Electronic Transaction Act in Sri Lanka	.26
Adoption of Public Key Infrastructure in Sri Lanka	.27
Vendors for Public Key Infrastructure	.27
Global Implementation on PKI	.27
Chapter3	.29
Methodology of Study	.29
Conceptual Framework	.29
Generation of Hypothesis	.30
Operationalization of Variables	.31
Research Design. www.lib.mtt.ac.lk	.33
Analysis of other factors	.33
Type and nature of the study	.33
Purpose of the study	.33
Type of investigation	.33
Unit of Analysis	.35
Data Collection Methods	.35
Primary data collection	.35
Sampling Design	.37
Data Collection	.41
Chapter4	.44
Observations	.44
Data and Results	.45
Chapter5	.51
Analysis and Discussion of Results	.51
Descriptive Analysis of IT users	.51
Descriptive Analysis of Branch Managers	.53
Usage of Document Management Systems and Level of Information Security.	.54
Public Key Infrastructure (PKI) usage for Authentic Documents Transactions.	.58
Relationship on Barriers to PKI deployment and Usage	.62
Chapter6	.73
Conclusion and Recommendations	.73
Limitations	.75
Reference	.77

Abstract

As concerns for information in business, information systems are used for electronic document transactions in both internal and external business processes, which have been growing in recent years. As such, most of the banks have implemented or planning to develop document management systems to improve their business activities. These document management systems could come in forms of paper-based transactions to online systems. However, there are risks to information when using these document management systems. This leads to the main barrier of trust during transactions adopted among mature stakeholders. Therefore, it is a necessity now to offer a better security mechanism in this changing environment.

Public key infrastructure (PKI) can be considered as an enabler for secure transaction. We can use it as a tool for trust assessment and decision making in our document management systems. Digital signature based on PKI is used for secure electronic document transactions in document management systems in order to streamline the business environment. However, it is observed that digital certificates have not been diffused to document management systems in the Sri Lankan banking sector for secure transactions.

Electronic Transactions Act, No. 19 of 2006 was brought to promote public confidence in the authenticity, integrity and reliability of data messages, electronic documents, electronic signatures and electronic records in Sri Lanka. Even though it is legally accepted, there is a low adoption for electronic signature for document management systems.

Although we do not have to pay more attention on introducing digital signature for carrying out electronic transactions, globally we can come across significant trends on PKI software for the banking sector. What could be the reason of not being able to deploy PKI enabled document management systems in our banking sector for secure document transaction? This could be due to some barriers on implementing a better security mechanism. The attempt of this research is to identify these barriers to PKI deployment and usage for authentic document transaction and try to understand the precise relationship among these obstacles and cater solutions to overcome barriers

for secure document management systems. Hence, the researcher believes that this research will serve as a guide for information security professionals and information system auditors, as well as end users to think of better information systems to carry out secure document transactions.



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List of Figures

Figure.1.PKI Usage by Industry Type Figure.2.PKI Application Weight Figure.3.Obstacles Encountered when Implementing PKI Figure.4.Major Reasons not Implementing PKI in Organizations Figure.5.PKI Obstacles Weight Figure.6.Conceptual Framework Figure.7.Research Design Figure.8 Barriers to PKI Deployment and Usage in Sri Lankan Banking Sector Figure.9.Distribution of Barriers to PKI Implementation Figure.10.Distribution of Information Security Experience Figure.11.Distribution of PKI Knowledge Figure.12. Education Level of IT Users Figure.13.E-Business Experience of IT Users Figure.14. Education Level of Branch Managers Figure.15.E-Business Experience of Branch Managers Figure.16.Information System Usage Figure.17.Mode of Authentic Document Figure.18.PKI Implementation Figure.19.Plans on PKI Implementation Figure.20.Belief of Manual Signature Figure.21.Facing Barriers to PKI Implementation Figure.22.Distribution of "PKI Poorly Understood" Figure.23.Distribution of "High Cost" Figure.24.Distribution of "Poor Interpretability" Figure.25.Distribution of "Too Complex" Figure.26.Distribution of "Hard to Maintain" Figure.27.Distribution of "Hard to Use" Figure.28.Distribution of "Lack of Management Support" Figure.29.Distribution of "Software Applications do not Support PKI" Figure.30.Distribution of "Lack of Demand to PKI" Figure.31.Scatter of Barriers to PKI and Information Security Experience

Figure 32. Scatter of Barriers to PKI and Information Security Experience in Years Figure 33.Scatter of Barriers to PKI and PKI Knowledge



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List of Tables

Table 1.Comparison of Paper and Digital Signature Properties.

Table 2. List of Banks Belongs to Target Population

Table 3. Reliability Statistics - Barriers to PKI Implementation

Table 4.Reliability Statistics - Information Security Experience

Table 5. Reliability Statistics - of PKI Knowledge

Table 6.Data Set for Barriers to PKI Deployment and Usage

Table 7. Calculated values for Barriers to PKI Deployment and Usage

Table 8. Only Intend Party can open the Document

Table 9. Integrity of Documents

Table 10. Identify the Communication Party

Table 11. Non- Repudiation of Document Management Systems

Table 12. Secure Level of Document Management Systems

 Table 13. Improvement of Current Security Features on Document Management Systems

University of Moratuwa, Sri Lanka.

Table 14. Statistics on Barriers to PKI Theses & Dissertations

Table 15.Correlation of Barriers and Information Security Experience

Table 16.Correlation of Barriers and PKI Knowledge

Table 17. Testing Hypothesis for Experience

Table 18. Testing Hypothesis for PKI Knowledge

Table 19. Model Summary for Variables

Table 20. Model for Variables