

TECHNO-ECONOMIC COMPARISON BETWEEN CONCENTRATED SOLAR THERMAL POWER AND SOLAR PV WITH BATTERY ENERGY STORAGE TECHNOLOGY

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Dissertation submitted in partial fulfillment of the requirements for the degree
Master of Science in Electrical Installations

Department of Electrical Engineering

University of Moratuwa
Sri Lanka

March 2023

DECLARATION

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Abstract

Renewable energy sources are becoming increasingly important in meeting global energy demands and reducing greenhouse gas emissions. Concentrated Solar Power (CSP) of Parabolic trough technology and Solar Photovoltaic (PV) with Battery Energy Storage Systems (BESS) are two promising technologies that can provide renewable energy to the grid.

This study aims to determine which technology is more technically and economically viable for medium and large-scale power generation and storage. The dissertation includes seven chapters with a detailed literature review and a discussion of analysis of the costs, efficiencies, and overall performance of these two technologies. Further, the study analyzes the feasibility of each technology based on factors such as levelized cost of electricity (LCOE).

The analysis is carried out for a 10 MW CSP plant with 40 MWh molten salt storage and a 10 MW + 40 MWh PV+BESS system, both located in a high solar irradiance region. The results indicate that while CSP has a higher plant factor and LCOE of 26.96 \$cents/kWh, PV+BESS has higher dispatchability and lower upfront capital cost with low LCOE of 23.27 \$cents/kWh. A sensitivity analysis of both technologies was also conducted to examine the LCOE variation with respect to the cost variation of major CAPEX category, solar multiple, DC to AC ratio, storage capacity. O&M cost analysis is carried out to compare the overheads. From the comparison between both technologies at different plants and storage capacities it is identified CSP is a viable solution than PV+ BESS for above 20 MW of 4-hour storage capacity when only dispatchability is considered. The comparison between the LCOE with the storage and the capacity of each technology proves that CSP systems are particularly well-suited for capacities above 50 MW, where they can take advantage of economies of scale and achieve lower LCOE.

Further a market analysis was also conducted for a PPA price ascertainment. In the sensitivity analysis of the PPA prices it is found that PPA prices range from 50 rupees to Rs.105/kWh, taking as 1USD = Rs.360.00 a positive NPV is from Rs.55/kWh for the CSP system and NPV is positive for Rs.50/kWh for PV+ BESS.

Key words – Solar PV plus Battery Energy Storage Systems, Concentrated solar power, Levelized cost of electricity, PPA price, financial analysis, Parabolic trough, System advisory model, Thermal storage, Module efficiency, capacity factor.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

Firstly, I would like to thank my supervisor, Prof. W. D Wijayapala, for his guidance and advice on this research from the beginning to the end.

Secondly, thanks to Mr. Sunith Fernando for his guidance given me to do feasibility studies and I would also like to thank all the panel members Prof. Kumarawadu, Prof. Asanka Rodrigo, Prof. Lidula and Dr. Damayanthi for their understanding, advice, and assistance as my research progressed.

Finally, I want to thank my father and my mother for encouraging me to complete the master's degree program.

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List of Abbreviations

Abbreviation	Description
AC	Alternating Current
DC	Direct Current
CEB	Ceylon Electricity Board
CAPEX	Capital Expenditure
CSTP	Concentrated Solar Thermal Power
CLFR	Compact Linear Fresnel Reflector
CWEC	Canadian Weather for Energy Calculation
CEA	Central Environmental Authority
CSP	Concentrated Solar Power
DOD	Depth of Discharge
DNI	Direct Normal Irradiation
DSG	Direct Steam Generation
ES	Energy Storage
FIT	Feed in Tariff
HCE	Heat Collection Element
HFC	Heliostat Field Collector
HTF	Heat Transfer Fluid
IRENA	International Renewable Energy Agency
IRR	Internal Rate of Return
ISCC	Integrated Solar Combined Cycle
IWEC	International Weather for Energy Calculation
kW	Kilo Watts
LFP	Lithium-Iron Phosphate
Li-ion	Lithium-Ion Metal Oxide
LCOE	Levelized Cost of Energy
LCOS	Levelized Cost of Storage
LFR	Linear Fresnel Reflector
MW	Mega Watts
NPV	Net Present Value
NREL	National Renewable Energy Laboratory
NSRDB	National Solar Resource Data Base

O&M	Operation and Maintenance
PPA	Power Purchase Agreement
PDC	Parabolic Dish Collector
PTC	Parabolic Trough Collector
PV	Photovoltaics
RE	Renewable Energy
SLSEA	Sri Lanka Sustainable Energy Authority
SAM	System Advisor Model
SPT	Solar Power Tower
SOC	State of Charge
SCA	Solar Collector Assembly
SM	Solar Multiple
SWERA	Solar Wind Energy Resource Assessment
TES	Thermal Energy Storage
VRE	Variable Renewable Energy